UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

]	FORM 10-Q	
☑ QUARTERLY REP	PORT PURSUANT TO SECT	(Mark One) TION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT C)F
	For the quar	terly period ended April 30, 2017	
		OR	
☐ TRANSITION REP	ORT PURSUANT TO SECT	TION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT O)F 1934
	For the tra	ansition period from to	
	Comm	ission File Number 0-18183	
		REL GROUP, LTD. registrant as specified in its charter)	
	Delaware e or other jurisdiction of coration or organization)	41-1590959 (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)	
	Avenue, New York, New York f Principal Executive Offices)	10018 (Zip Code)	
	(Registrant's t	(212) 403-0500 telephone number, including area code)	
	(Former name, former addre	ss and former fiscal year, if changed since last report)	
	ths (or for such shorter period that t	orts required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act he registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to su	
be submitted and posted pursu		nically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File recognizations 232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter per No \Box	
		filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. ler reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.	. See the
Large accelerated filer Non-accelerated filer	X	Accelerated filer Smaller reporting company	
Indicate by check mark whether	er the registrant is a shell company (as	s defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes □ No ⊠	
As of June 1, 2017, there were	48,661,518 shares of issuer's common	n stock, par value \$0.01 per share, outstanding.	

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Page No.

Part I	FINANCIAL INFORMATION	
Item 1.	Financial Statements	
	Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets – April 30, 2017, April 30, 2016 and January 31, 2017	3
	Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income (Loss) and Comprehensive Income (Loss)- For the Three Months	
	Ended April 30, 2017 and 2016	4
	Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows - For the Three Months Ended April 30, 2017 and 2016	5
	Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements	6
Item 2.	Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations	12
Item 3.	Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk	18
Item 4.	Controls and Procedures	18
Part II	OTHER INFORMATION	
Item 1A.	Risk Factors	19
Item 6.	Exhibits	19

PART I – FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Financial Statements.

G-III APPAREL GROUP, LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

	April 30, 2017			April 30, 2016	J	anuary 31, 2017
	(Unaudited)			(Unaudited)		
		(In thous	ands,	except per share	amour	ıts)
ASSETS						
CURRENT ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	67,134	\$	95,448	\$	79,957
Accounts receivable, net of allowances for doubtful accounts and sales discounts of \$82,811,		256212		212 772		262.001
\$60,682 and \$95,686, respectively		256,212		213,752		263,881
Inventories		445,969		406,720		483,269
Prepaid income taxes		16,845		25,359		8,885
Deferred income taxes, net		_		17,584		_
Prepaid expenses and other current assets		55,474		26,495		46,946
Total current assets		841,634		785,358		882,938
INVESTMENTS IN UNCONSOLIDATED AFFILIATES		60,002		61,464		61,171
PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT, NET		100,102		103,715		102,571
OTHER ASSETS		35,304		25,628		36,181
OTHER INTANGIBLES, NET		47,797		10,738		48,558
DEFERRED INCOME TAX ASSETS, NET		15,901				15,849
TRADEMARKS, NET		436,147		69,372		435,414
GOODWILL		266,901		50,406		269,262
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	1,803,788	\$	1,106,681	\$	1,851,944
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY						
CURRENT LIABILITIES						
Income tax payable	\$	_	\$	_	\$	2,242
Accounts payable		164,521		100,215		217,902
Accrued expenses		75,197		51,633		95,275
Total current liabilities		239,718		151,848		315,419
NOTES PAYABLE, Net of note discount and unamortized issuance costs of \$52,204, \$0 and						
\$54,365, respectively		492,796		_		461,756
DEFERRED INCOME TAXES, NET		14,536		25.186		14,300
OTHER NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES		40,678		27,996		39,233
TOTAL LIABILITIES		787,728	-	205,030	_	830,708
		707,720		203,030		030,700
STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY						
Preferred stock; 1,000 shares authorized; No shares issued and outstanding						
Common stock - \$.01 par value; 120,000 shares authorized; 49,031, 46,231 and 49,016 shares						
issued, respectively		253		229		253
Additional paid-in capital		442.897		358,460		437,777
Accumulated other comprehensive loss		(27,654)		(17.657)		(27,722)
Retained earnings		602,027		563,262		612,418
Common stock held in treasury, at cost – 369, 667 and 376 shares, respectively		(1,463)		(2,643)		(1,490)
TOTAL STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY	_	1,016,060		901,651	_	1,021,236
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY	\$	1,803,788	\$	1,106,681	\$	1,851,944
1017 DELIBERTES AND STOCKHOLDERS EQUIT 1	Ф	1,003,788	Ф	1,100,081	Ф	1,031,944

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these statements.

G-III APPAREL GROUP, LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME (LOSS) AND COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)

	<u></u>	Three Months Ended April 3			
		2017		2016	
		(Unauc			
	(I	(In thousands, except per sha amounts)			
Net sales	\$	529,042	\$	457,403	
Cost of goods sold		327,186		291,734	
Gross profit		201,856		165,669	
Selling, general and administrative expenses		197,411		153,105	
Depreciation and amortization		9,838		7,193	
Operating profit (loss)		(5,393)		5,371	
Equity income (loss) in unconsolidated affiliates		(1,152)		269	
Interest and financing charges, net		(9,949)		(1,242)	
Income (loss) before income taxes		(16,494)		4,398	
Income tax expense (benefit)		(6,103)		1,627	
Net income (loss)	\$	(10,391)	\$	2,771	
NET INCOME (LOSS) PER COMMON SHARE:					
Basic:					
Net income (loss) per common share	\$	(0.21)	\$	0.06	
Weighted average number of shares outstanding		48,648		45,549	
<u>Diluted:</u>					
Net income (loss) per common share	\$	(0.21)	\$	0.06	
Weighted average number of shares outstanding		48,648		46,942	
Net income (loss)	\$	(10,391)	\$	2,771	
Other comprehensive income (loss):					
Foreign currency translation adjustments		68		6,032	
Other comprehensive income		68		6,032	
Comprehensive income (loss)	\$	(10,323)	\$	8,803	

 ${\it The\ accompanying\ notes\ are\ an\ integral\ part\ of\ these\ statements}.$

G-III APPAREL GROUP, LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

401 (Insulative Colspan="2") Cash flows from operating activities Net income (loss) (10,391) \$ 2,77 Activation and amorization 9,838 7,193 Depretation and amorization 9,838 7,193 Equity loss of disposal of fixed assets 1,152 2,626 Equity based compensation 4,955 4,473 Deferred financing changes 3,749 1,84 Changes in operating assets and liabilities 3,745 7,899 Income taxes, net 10,206 1,930 4,845 Account excess and other current assets 3,745 7,899 Income taxes, net 3,749 7,899 Income taxes, net 3,249 4,845 Account spayable, accured expenses and other liabilities 6,951 9,935 Actual provided by fused in) operating activities 6,951 9,352 Cheta show from investing activities 2 8,72 6,052 Capital expenditures 5,72 6,005 Capital expenditures 2,87 - Proceed		Three Months Ended April 30,				
(In theouse) Cash flows from operating activities (10,391) \$ 2,771 Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities: 9,838 7,193 Loss on disposal of fixed assets 11,52 (2696) Equity based compensation 4,955 4,473 Deferred financing charges 3,79 184 Changes in operating assets and liabilities: 7,739 7,966 Merendia processes, net (10,206) (1,303) Income taxes, net (8,503) (4,280) Other assets, net 33,49 (484) Accounts payable, accrued expenses and other liabilities (69,561) (93,562) Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities (33,220) 1,834 Cash flows from investing activities (5,729) (6,956) Investment in unconsolidated affiliate 5,729 (6,956) Losh flows from investing activities (5,729) (6,956) Investment in unconsolidated affiliate 2,827 - Investment in unconsolidated affiliate 2,529 (6,956)			2017		2016	
Cash flows from operating activities \$ (10,391) \$ 2,771 Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities: \$ 9,838 7,193 Despreciation and amortization 9,838 7,193 Loss on disposal of fixed assets 184 149 Equity loss (income) in unconsolidated affiliate 1,152 2690 Equity based compensation 4,955 4,473 Deferred financing charges 3,779 184 Changes in operating assets and liabilities: 7,739 7,966 Inventories 7,739 7,966 Inventories 3,445 78,999 Income taxes, net (10,206) (1,303) Prepaid expenses and other current assets (8,503) (4,280) Other assets, net 349 (4,844) Accounts payable, accrued expenses and other liabilities (69,561) (93,565) Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities (69,561) (93,565) Other cash provided by (used in) operating activities (5,729) (6,096) Investment in unconsolidated affiliate 2			(,		
Not income (loss) S (10,391) S (2,711)			(In thou	ısands))	
Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities 9,838 7,193 Depreciation and amortization 9,838 7,193 Loss on disposal of fixed assets 184 149 Equity loss (income) in unconsolidated affiliate 1,152 (269) Equity based compensation 4,955 4,473 Deferred financing charges 3,779 184 Changes in operating assets and liabilities: 7,739 7,966 Inventories 37,445 78,999 Income taxes, net (10,206) (1,303) Prepaid expenses and other current assets (8,503) (4,280) Other assets, net 349 (484) Accounts payable, accrued expenses and other liabilities (69,561) (93,565) Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities (5,729) (6,096) Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities (5,729) (6,096) Investment in unconsolidated affiliate 5,729 (6,096) Net cash used in investing activities (5,729) (6,096) Net cash used in investing activities <td></td> <td></td> <td>(10.501)</td> <td></td> <td></td>			(10.501)			
Depreciation and amortization 9,838 7,193 Loss on disposal of fixed assets 184 149 Equity loss (income) in unconsolidated affiliate 1,152 2,699 Equity loss (compensation 4,955 4,473 Deferred financing charges 3,779 184 Changes in operating assets and liabilities: 7,739 7,966 Inventories 37,445 78,999 Income taxes, net (10,206 (1,303) Prepaid expenses and other current assets (10,206 (1,303) Prepaid expenses and other current assets (69,561 (93,565) Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities (69,561 (93,565) Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities (5,729 (6,096) Net cash unconsolidated affiliate (5,729 (6,096) Net cash unconsolidated affiliate (5,729 (4,528) Cash flows from investing activities (5,729 (4,528) Cash flows from financing activities (29,046 247 Proceeds from (use of) borrowing – new revolving facility, net 228,877 – Proceeds from exercise of equity awards (69,201 2,308 Foreign currency translation adjustments (2,920 2,308 Ret decrease in cash and cash equivalents (12,823 3,7139 Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period 79,957 132,587 Cash and cash equivalents at end of period 79,957 132,587 Cash payments: (2,871 2,		\$	(10,391)	\$	2,771	
Loss on disposal of fixed assets 184 149 Equity loss (income) in unconsolidated affiliate 1,152 2,699 Equity based compensation 4,955 4,473 Deferred financing charges 3,779 184 Changes in operating assets and liabilities: 7,739 7,966 Inventories 7,739 7,966 Inventories 7,739 7,966 Inventories 10,2006 (1,303) Prepaid expenses and other current assets (10,200 (1,303) Prepaid expenses and other current assets 8,503 (4,280) Other assets, net 349 (484) Accounts payable, accrued expenses and other liabilities 69,561 (35,565) Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities 3,320 1,834 Cash flows from investing activities - (35,432) Capital expenditures 5,729 (6,096) Net cash used in investing activities 5,729 (41,528) Cash flows from financing activities 28,877 - (7,728) Proceeds from (use of) borrowing – new revolving facility, net 28,877 - (7,728) Proceeds from exercise of equity awards 169 247 Proceeds from exercise of equity awards 29,046 247 Foreign currency translation adjustments 29,046 247 Foreign currency translation adjustments 29,046 247 Foreign currency translation adjustments 29,046 247 Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period 79,957 132,587 Cash and cash equivalents at tend of period 79,957 132,587 Cash and cash equivalents at end of period 79,957 132,587 Cash and cash equivalents at end of period 79,957 132,587 Cash and cash equivalents at end of period 79,957 132,587 Cash and cash equivalents at end of period 79,957 132,587 Cash and cash equivalents at end of period 79,957 132,587 Cash and cash equivalents at end of period 79,957 132,587 Cash and cash equivalents at end of period 79,957 132,587 Cash payments: 7,205 7,205 7,205 7,205 Enterest, net 7,205 7,205 7,205 7,205 7,205 7,205 7,205 7,205 7,205 7,205						
Equity loss (income) in unconsolidated affiliate 1,152 2,699 Equity based compensation 4,955 4,475 Deferred financing charges 3,779 184 Changes in operating assets and liabilities: 7,739 7,966 Inventories 37,445 78,999 Income taxes, net (10,206) (1,303) Prepaid expenses and other current assets (8,503) (4,280) Other assets, net 349 (484) Accounts payable, accrued expenses and other liabilities (69,561) 03,565 Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities (33,220) 1,834 Cash flows from investing activities - (35,432) Capital expenditures (5,729) (6,096) Net cash used in investing activities - (35,432) Cash flows from financing activities - (35,432) Cash flows from financing activities - (5,729) (6,096) Net cash provided by financing activities - 28,877 - Proceeds from (use of) borrowing – new revolving facility, net 29,046					,	
Equity based compensation 4,955 4,473 Deferred financing charges 3,779 184 Changes in operating assets and liabilities: 7,739 7,966 Inventories 37,445 78,999 Income taxes, net (10,206) (1,303) Prepaid expenses and other current assets (8,503) (4,280) Other assets, net 349 (484) Accounts payable, accrued expenses and other liabilities (69,561) (93,565) Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities 33,220 1,834 Cash flows from investing activities - (35,432) Investment in unconsolidated affiliate - (35,432) Capital expenditures (5,729) (6,096) Net cash used in investing activities (5,729) (6,096) Net cash used in investing activities 28,877 — Proceeds from (use of) borrowing – new revolving facility, net 28,877 — Proceeds from exercise of equity awards 169 247 Net cash provided by financing activities 29,046 247 Forei						
Deferred financing charges 3,779 184			, -		()	
Changes in operating assets and liabilities: Accounts receivable, net 7,739 7,966 Inventories 37,445 78,999 Income taxes, net (10,206) (1,303) Prepaid expenses and other current assets (8,503) (4,280) Other assets, net 349 (484) Accounts payable, accrued expenses and other liabilities (69,561) (93,565) Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities 33,220 1,834 Cash flows from investing activities - (55,432) Capital expenditures (5,729) (6,096) Net eash used in investing activities (5,729) (6,096) Net cash used in investing activities 28,877 - Proceeds from (use of) borrowing – new revolving facility, net 28,877 - Proceeds from exercise of equity awards 169 247 Net cash provided by financing activities 29,046 247 Foreign currency translation adjustments (2,920) 2,308 Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents (12,823) (37,139) Cash and cas			/		,	
Accounts receivable, net 7,739 7,966 Inventories 37,445 78,999 Income taxes, net (10,206) (1,303) Prepaid expenses and other current assets (8,503) (4,280) Other assets, net 349 (484) Accounts payable, accrued expenses and other liabilities (69,561) (93,565) Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities 33,220 1,834 Cash flows from investing activities - (35,432) Capital expenditures (5,729) (6,096) Net cash used in investing activities - (5,729) (6,096) Net cash used in investing activities -			3,779		184	
Inventories 37,445 78,999 Income taxes, net (10,206) (1,303) Prepaid expenses and other current assets (8,803) (4,280) Other assets, net 349 (484) Accounts payable, accrued expenses and other liabilities (69,561) (93,565) Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities - (35,432) Cash flows from investing activities - (35,432) Investment in unconsolidated affiliate - (35,432) Capital expenditures (5,729) (6,096) Net cash used in investing activities - - Proceeds from (use of) borrowing – new revolving facility, net 28,877 - Proceeds from (use of) borrowing – new revolving facility, net 28,877 - Proceeds from exercise of equity awards 169 247 Net cash provided by financing activities (2,920) 2,308 Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents (12,823) (37,139) Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period 79,957 132,587 Cash and cash equivalents at end of period 567,134 </td <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>						
Income taxes, net (10,206) (1,303) Prepaid expenses and other current assets (8,503) (4,280) Other assets, net 349 (484) Accounts payable, accrued expenses and other liabilities (69,561) (93,565) Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities 33,220 1,834 Cash flows from investing activities - (35,432) Investment in unconsolidated affiliate 5,729 (6,096) Capital expenditures (5,729) (6,096) Net cash used in investing activities 28,877 - Proceeds from (use of) borrowing – new revolving facility, net 28,877 - Proceeds from exercise of equity awards 169 247 Net cash provided by financing activities 29,046 247 Foreign currency translation adjustments (2,920) 2,308 Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents (12,823) (37,139) Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period 79,957 132,587 Cash and cash equivalents at end of period \$ 67,134 95,448 Supplemental disclosures of cash flow informat					,	
Prepaid expenses and other current assets (8,503) (4,280) Other assets, net 349 (484) Accounts payable, accrued expenses and other liabilities (69,561) (93,565) Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities (33,220) 1,834 Cash flows from investing activities — (35,432) Capital expenditures (5,729) (6,096) Net cash used in investing activities — (5,729) (6,096) Net cash used in investing activities 28,877 — Proceeds from (use of) borrowing – new revolving facility, net 28,877 — Proceeds from use of borrowing – new revolving facility, net 29,046 247 Net cash provided by financing activities 29,046 247 Foreign currency translation adjustments (2,920) 2,308 Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents (12,823) (37,139) Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period 79,957 132,587 Cash and cash equivalents at of period \$ 67,134 95,448 Supplemental disclosures of cash flow information: Cash and cash equivalents at end of perio			/			
Other assets, net 349 (484) Accounts payable, accrued expenses and other liabilities (69,561) (93,565) Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities (33,220) 1,834 Cash flows from investing activities - (35,432) Investment in unconsolidated affiliate - (35,432) Capital expenditures (5,729) (6,096) Net cash used in investing activities - (5,729) (41,528) Cash flows from financing activities - 28,877 - Proceeds from exercise of equity awards 169 247 Net cash provided by financing activities 29,046 247 Foreign currency translation adjustments (2,920) 2,308 Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents (12,823) (37,139) Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period 79,957 132,587 Cash and cash equivalents at end of period \$ 67,134 95,448 Supplemental disclosures of cash flow information: Cash payments: Interest, net Stream of the properties of the payments of	,					
Accounts payable, accrued expenses and other liabilities (69,561) (93,565) Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities (33,220) 1,834 Cash flows from investing activities - (35,432) Investment in unconsolidated affiliate - (35,432) Capital expenditures (5,729) (6,096) Net cash used in investing activities - (41,528) Cash flows from financing activities 28,877 - Proceeds from (use of) borrowing – new revolving facility, net 28,877 - Proceeds from exercise of equity awards 169 247 Net cash provided by financing activities 29,046 247 Foreign currency translation adjustments (2,920) 2,308 Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents (12,823) (37,139) Cash and cash equivalents at end of period 79,957 132,587 Cash and cash equivalents at end of period \$ 67,134 95,448 Supplemental disclosures of cash flow information: Cash payments: Interest, net \$ 7,205 939	Prepaid expenses and other current assets		(8,503)		(4,280)	
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities (33,220) 1,834 Cash flows from investing activities - (35,432) Investment in unconsolidated affiliate - (35,432) Capital expenditures (5,729) (6,096) Net cash used in investing activities - (5,729) (41,528) Cash flows from financing activities -			349		(484)	
Cash flows from investing activities Investment in unconsolidated affiliate — (35,432) Capital expenditures (5,729) (6,096) Net cash used in investing activities — (55,729) (41,528) Cash flows from financing activities — Proceeds from (use of) borrowing – new revolving facility, net — 28,877 — — Proceeds from exercise of equity awards — 169 247 Net cash provided by financing activities — 29,046 247 Foreign currency translation adjustments — (29,20) 2,308 Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents — (12,823) (37,139) Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period — 79,957 132,587 Cash and cash equivalents at end of period — 67,134 995,448 Supplemental disclosures of cash flow information: — (2,200) 2,308 Cash payments: — (2,200) 3,308 Interest, net — (2,200) 3,308 Interest, net — (2,200) 3,308 Cash payments: — (2,200) 3,308 Interest, net — (2,200) 3,308 <tr< td=""><td>Accounts payable, accrued expenses and other liabilities</td><td></td><td>(69,561)</td><td></td><td>(93,565)</td></tr<>	Accounts payable, accrued expenses and other liabilities		(69,561)		(93,565)	
Investment in unconsolidated affiliate — (35,432) Capital expenditures (5,729) (6,096) Net cash used in investing activities (5,729) (41,528) Cash flows from financing activities — Proceeds from (use of) borrowing – new revolving facility, net 28,877 — Proceeds from exercise of equity awards 169 247 Net cash provided by financing activities 29,046 247 Foreign currency translation adjustments (2,920) 2,308 Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents (12,823) (37,139) Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period 79,957 132,587 Cash and cash equivalents at end of period \$ 67,134 95,448 Supplemental disclosures of cash flow information: Cash payments: Interest, net \$ 7,205 939	Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		(33,220)		1,834	
Capital expenditures (5,729) (6,096) Net cash used in investing activities (5,729) (41,528) Cash flows from financing activities 28,877 — Proceeds from (use of) borrowing – new revolving facility, net 28,877 — Proceeds from exercise of equity awards 169 247 Net cash provided by financing activities 29,046 247 Foreign currency translation adjustments (2,920) 2,308 Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents (12,823) (37,139) Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period 79,957 132,587 Cash and cash equivalents at end of period \$ 67,134 \$ 95,448 Supplemental disclosures of cash flow information: Cash payments: Interest, net \$ 7,205 \$ 939					(35.432)	
Net cash used in investing activities Cash flows from financing activities Proceeds from (use of) borrowing – new revolving facility, net Proceeds from exercise of equity awards Net cash provided by financing activities Foreign currency translation adjustments Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period Cash and cash equivalents at end of period Supplemental disclosures of cash flow information: Cash payments: Interest, net Supplemental disclosures of \$ 939			(5.720)			
Cash flows from financing activities Proceeds from (use of) borrowing – new revolving facility, net Proceeds from exercise of equity awards Net cash provided by financing activities Proceeds from exercise of equity awards Net cash provided by financing activities Proceeds from exercise of equity awards 169 247 247 Foreign currency translation adjustments (2,920) 2,308 Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents (12,823) (37,139) Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period 79,957 132,587 Cash and cash equivalents at end of period \$67,134 \$95,448 Supplemental disclosures of cash flow information: Cash payments: Interest, net \$7,205 \$939						
Proceeds from (use of) borrowing – new revolving facility, net Proceeds from exercise of equity awards Net cash provided by financing activities Poreign currency translation adjustments Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period Cash and cash equivalents at end of period Supplemental disclosures of cash flow information: Cash payments: Interest, net 28,877 — 247 — 29,046 247 29,046 247 29,040 2,308 2	net cash used in investing activities		(5,729)		(41,528)	
Proceeds from (use of) borrowing – new revolving facility, net Proceeds from exercise of equity awards Net cash provided by financing activities Poreign currency translation adjustments Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period Cash and cash equivalents at end of period Supplemental disclosures of cash flow information: Cash payments: Interest, net 28,877 — 247 — 29,046 247 29,046 247 29,040 2,308 2	Cook flave from financing activities					
Proceeds from exercise of equity awards 169 247 Net cash provided by financing activities 29,046 247 Foreign currency translation adjustments (2,920) 2,308 Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents (12,823) (37,139) Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period 79,957 132,587 Cash and cash equivalents at end of period \$ 67,134 \$ 95,448 Supplemental disclosures of cash flow information: Cash payments: Interest, net \$ 7,205 \$ 939			20 077			
Net cash provided by financing activities 29,046 247 Foreign currency translation adjustments (2,920) 2,308 Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents (12,823) (37,139) Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period 79,957 132,587 Cash and cash equivalents at end of period \$ 67,134 \$ 95,448 Supplemental disclosures of cash flow information: Cash payments: Interest, net \$ 7,205 \$ 939					247	
Foreign currency translation adjustments (2,920) 2,308 Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents (12,823) (37,139) Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period 79,957 132,587 Cash and cash equivalents at end of period \$ 67,134 \$ 95,448 Supplemental disclosures of cash flow information: Cash payments: Interest, net \$ 7,205 \$ 939						
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents (12,823) (37,139) Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period 79,957 132,587 Cash and cash equivalents at end of period \$ 67,134 \$ 95,448 Supplemental disclosures of cash flow information: Cash payments: Interest, net \$ 7,205 \$ 939	Net cash provided by infancing activities		29,046		247	
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents (12,823) (37,139) Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period 79,957 132,587 Cash and cash equivalents at end of period \$ 67,134 \$ 95,448 Supplemental disclosures of cash flow information: Cash payments: Interest, net \$ 7,205 \$ 939	Foreign currency translation adjustments		(2 920)		2 308	
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period 79,957 132,587 Cash and cash equivalents at end of period \$ 67,134 \$ 95,448 Supplemental disclosures of cash flow information: Cash payments: Interest, net \$ 7,205 \$ 939	· · ·					
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period \$ 67,134	1		. , ,			
Supplemental disclosures of cash flow information: Cash payments: Interest, net \$ 7,205 \$ 939		Φ.		Φ.		
Cash payments: Interest, net \$ 7,205 \$ 939	Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	2	6/,134	\$	95,448	
Cash payments: Interest, net \$ 7,205 \$ 939	Supplemental disclosures of cash flow information:					
Interest, net \$ 7,205 \$ 939						
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	1 0	\$	7,205	\$	939	
	Income tax payments, net	•	1,980		2,772	

 ${\it The\ accompanying\ notes\ are\ an\ integral\ part\ of\ these\ statements}.$

G-III APPAREL GROUP, LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 1 – Basis of Presentation

As used in these financial statements, the term "Company" or "G-III" refers to G-III Apparel Group, Ltd. and its subsidiaries. The Company designs, manufactures and markets an extensive range of apparel, including outerwear, dresses, sportswear, swimwear, women's suits and women's performance wear, as well as women's handbags, footwear, small leather goods, cold weather accessories and luggage. The Company also operates retail stores.

The Company consolidates the accounts of all its wholly-owned and majority-owned subsidiaries. KL North America BV ("KLNA") is a Dutch limited liability company that is a joint venture that is 49% owned by the Company. Kingdom Holdings 1 B.V. ("KH1") is a Dutch limited liability company that is 19% owned by the Company. These investments are accounted for using the equity method of accounting. All material intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated. Vilebrequin International SA ("Vilebrequin"), a Swiss corporation that is wholly-owned by the Company, KH1 and KLNA report results on a calendar year basis rather than on the January 31 fiscal year basis used by the Company. Our retail stores use a 52/53-week fiscal year.

The results for the three month period ended April 30, 2017 are not necessarily indicative of the results expected for the entire fiscal year, given the seasonal nature of the Company's business. The accompanying financial statements included herein are unaudited. All adjustments (consisting of only normal recurring adjustments) necessary for a fair presentation of the financial position, results of operations and cash flows for the interim period presented have been reflected.

The accompanying financial statements should be read in conjunction with the financial statements and notes included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended January 31, 2017 filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC").

The Company's international subsidiaries use different functional currencies, which are the local selling currency. In accordance with the authoritative guidance, operating assets and liabilities of the Company's foreign operations are translated from foreign currency into U.S. dollars at period-end rates, while income and expenses are translated at the weighted-average exchange rates for the period. The related translation adjustments are reflected as a foreign currency translation adjustment in accumulated other comprehensive income within stockholders' equity.

Note 2 - Acquisition of Donna Karan International

On December 1, 2016, G-III acquired all of the outstanding capital stock of Donna Karan International Inc. ("DKI") from LVMH Moet Hennessy Louis Vuitton Inc. ("LVMH"), pursuant to a Stock Purchase Agreement (the "Purchase Agreement"), dated July 22, 2016, as amended, by and between the Company and LVMH, for a total purchase price of approximately \$669.8 million.

DKI owns some of the world's most iconic and recognizable power brands including Donna Karan and DKNY. DKI sells its products through department stores, specialty and online retailers worldwide, as well as through company-owned retail stores and an e-commerce site. The acquisition of DKI strengthens and diversifies the Company's brand portfolio and offers additional opportunities to expand G-III's business through the development of the DKNY and Donna Karan brands and product categories.

The results of DKI have been included in these consolidated financial statements since the date of acquisition.

Allocation of the purchase price consideration

The following table summarizes the fair values of the assets acquired and liabilities assumed at the date of acquisition:

(In thousands)	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 44,375
Accounts receivable	13,235
Inventories	10,933
Prepaid expenses & other current assets	19,533
Property, plant and equipment	15,760
Goodwill	217,947
Tradenames	370,000
Other intangibles	40,000
Other long-term assets	 2,703
Total assets acquired	734,486
Accounts payable	(18,734)
Accrued expense	(38,900)
Income taxes payable	(3,443)
Other long-term liabilities	(3,631)
Total liabilities assumed	(64,708)
Total fair value of acquisition consideration (net of \$40 million imputed debt discount)	\$ 669,778

The Company initially recognized goodwill of approximately \$220.6 million in connection with the acquisition of DKI. In the quarter ended April 30, 2017, the Company reduced goodwill by \$2.7 million due to unrecorded indemnification assets from LVMH related to transactions that occurred prior to the acquisition. There was no change to the purchase price, however, the estimates of fair value of assets acquired and liabilities assumed are preliminary and subject to change based on finalizing the election under Internal Revenue Code Section 338(h)(10) which may have an impact on purchase price.

The goodwill was assigned to the Company's wholesale operations reporting unit as the wholesale operations reporting unit is expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination and from the future growth of DKI. Subsequent to the acquisition, DKI's wholesale operations were fully integrated into G-III's credit and collection platform and both entities are expected to share several processes in the short term such as IT, finance, logistics, human resources, sourcing and overseas quality control. The Purchase Agreement included an option to make an election under Internal Revenue Code Section 338(h)(10). Accordingly, the book and tax basis of the acquired assets and liabilities are the same as of the purchase date and the goodwill is deductible for tax purposes over a 15 year period.

The fair values assigned to identifiable intangible assets acquired were based on assumptions and estimates made by management using unobservable inputs reflecting the Company's own assumptions about the inputs that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability based on the best information available. The fair values of these identifiable intangible assets were determined using the discounted cash flow method and the Company classifies these intangibles as Level 3 fair value measurements. The Company recorded other intangible assets of \$410.0 million, which included customer relationships of \$40.0 million (17 year life), as well as tradenames of \$370.0 million, which have an indefinite life.

The results of DKI have been included in these consolidated financial statements since the date of acquisition.

Note 3 – Investment in Unconsolidated Affiliates

In February 2016, the Company acquired a 19% minority interest in KH1, the parent company of the group that holds the worldwide rights to the Karl Lagerfeld brand. The Company paid 32.5€ million (approximately \$35.4 million at the date of the transaction). This investment is intended to expand the partnership between the Company and the Karl Lagerfeld brand and extend their business development opportunities on a global scale. The investment in KH1, which is being accounted for under the equity method of accounting, is reflected in Investment in Unconsolidated Affiliates on the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets at April 30, 2017.

Note 4 - Inventories

Subsequent to the adoption of Accounting Standard Update 2015-11 (Inventory - topic 330), wholesale inventories are stated at the lower of cost (determined by the first-in, first out method) or net realizable value which comprises a significant portion of the Company's inventory. Retail inventories are valued at the lower of cost or market as determined by the retail inventory method. Vilebrequin inventories are stated at the lower of cost (determined by the weighted average method) or net realizable value. Inventories consist of:

	Apı	April 30, 2017		il 30, 2017 April 30, 2016		Janu	ıary 31, 2017
		(In thousands)					
Finished goods	\$	445,567	\$	405,658	\$	483,085	
Raw materials and work-in-process		402		1,062		184	
	\$	445,969	\$	406,720	\$	483,269	

Note 5 - Net Income (Loss) per Common Share

Basic net income (loss) per common share has been computed using the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during each period. Diluted net income per share, when applicable, is computed using the weighted average number of common shares and potential dilutive common shares, consisting of unvested restricted stock awards and stock options outstanding during the period. In addition, all share based payments outstanding that vest based on the achievement of performance and/or market price conditions, and for which the respective performance and/or market price conditions have not been achieved, have been excluded from the diluted per share calculation. Approximately 510,800 shares of common stock have been excluded from the diluted net income per share calculation for the three months ended April 30, 2016. For the three months ended April 30, 2017 and 2016, 14,275 and 19,200 shares of common stock, respectively, were issued in connection with the exercise or vesting of equity awards.

The following table reconciles the numerators and denominators used in the calculation of basic and diluted net income (loss) per share:

		Three Months Ended April 30,				
		2017	2016			
Mark and American Company	Φ.	(10.201)	0.771			
Net income (loss) attributable to G-III	\$	(10,391)	\$ 2,771			
Basic net income (loss) per share:						
Basic common shares		48,648	45,549			
Basic net income (loss) per share	\$	(0.21)	\$ 0.06			
		_				
Diluted net income (loss) per share:						
Basic common shares		48,648	45,549			
Diluted restricted stock awards and stock options		_	1,393			
Diluted common shares		48,648	46,942			
Diluted net income (loss) per share	\$	(0.21)	\$ 0.06			

Note 6 - Notes Payable

Long term debt consists of the following:

	Apr	ril 30, 2017	April 30, 2016		Jan	uary 31, 2017
Term loan	\$	300,000	\$	-	\$	300,000
New revolving credit facility ⁽¹⁾		120,000		-		91,121
Note issued to LVMH		125,000		-		125,000
Subtotal		545,000		-		516,121
Less: Net debt issuance costs and debt discount ⁽²⁾		(52,204)		-		(54,365)
Total	\$	492,796	\$	_	\$	461,756

- (1) There were no borrowings outstanding as of April 30, 2016 under the Company's prior revolving credit agreement.
- (2) This table does not include the debt issuance costs, net of amortization, totaling \$11.3 million and \$11.9 million as of April 30, 2017 and January 31, 2017, respectively, related to the new revolving credit facility. The debt issuance costs have been deferred and are presented as an asset as permitted under ASU 2015-15.

Term Loan

In connection with the acquisition of DKI, the Company borrowed \$350.0 million under a senior secured term loan facility (the "Term Loan"). The Term Loan will mature in December 2022. The Term Loan was subject to amortization payments of 0.625% of the original aggregate principal amount of the Term Loan per quarter, with the balance due at maturity. On December 1, 2016, the Company prepaid \$50.0 million in principal amount of the Term Loan. This prepayment relieved G-III of its obligation to make quarterly amortization payments for the remainder of the term.

Interest on the outstanding principal amount of the Term Loan accrues at a rate equal to LIBOR, subject to a 1% floor, plus an applicable margin of 5.25% or an alternate base rate (defined as the greatest of (i) the "prime rate" as published by the Wall Street Journal from time to time, (ii) the federal funds rate plus 0.5% or (iii) the LIBOR rate for a borrowing with an interest period of one month) plus 4.25%, per annum, payable in cash.

The Term Loan is secured by certain assets of the Company and certain of its subsidiaries. The Term Loan contains covenants that restrict the Company's ability to among other things, incur additional debt, sell or dispose certain assets, make certain investments, incur liens and enter into acquisitions. This loan also includes a mandatory prepayment provision on excess cash flow as defined within the agreement. A first lien leverage covenant requires the Company to maintain a level of debt to EBITDA at a ratio as defined over the term of the agreement. As of April 30, 2017 the Company was in compliance with this covenant.

New Revolving Credit Facility

Upon closing of the acquisition of DKI, the Company's previous credit agreement (the "old revolving credit facility") was refinanced and replaced by a \$650 million amended and restated credit agreement (the "new revolving credit facility"). Amounts available under the new revolving credit facility are subject to borrowing base formulas and over advances as specified in the new revolving credit facility agreement. Borrowings bear interest, at the Company's option, at LIBOR plus a margin of 1.25% to 1.75% or an alternate base rate (defined as the greatest of (i) the "prime rate" of JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A. from time to time, (ii) the federal funds rate plus 0.5% or (iii) the LIBOR rate for a borrowing with an interest period of one month) plus a margin of 0.25% to 0.75%, with the applicable margin determined based on the availability under the new revolving credit facility agreement. The new revolving credit facility has a five year term ending December 1, 2021. In addition to paying interest on any outstanding borrowings under the new revolving credit facility, the Company is required to pay a commitment fee to the lenders under the credit agreement with respect to the unutilized commitments. The commitment fee accrues at a rate equal to 0.25% per annum on the average daily amount of the unutilized available commitment.

As of April 30, 2017, the Company had \$120.0 million of borrowings outstanding under the new revolving credit facility all of which are classified as long term liabilities. As of April 30, 2017, there were outstanding trade and standby letters of credit amounting to \$9.7 million and \$3.4 million, respectively.

LVMH Note

As part of the consideration for the acquisition of DKI, the Company issued to LVMH a junior lien secured promissory note in the principal amount of \$125.0 million (the "LVMH Note") that bears interest at the rate of 2% per year. \$75.0 million of the principal amount of the LVMH Note is due and payable on June 1, 2023 and \$50.0 million of such principal amount is due and payable on December 1, 2023. ASC 820 - Fair Value Measurements requires the note to be recorded at fair value. As a result, the company recorded a debt discount in the amount of \$40.0 million. This discount is being amortized as interest expense using the effective interest method over the term of the LVMH Note.

Prior Revolving Credit Facility

Prior to the acquisition of DKI, the prior revolving credit facility consisted of a five-year senior secured credit facility providing for borrowings in the aggregate principal amount of up to \$450 million through August 2017. Amounts available under the prior credit agreement were subject to borrowing base formulas and other advances as specified in that credit agreement. Borrowings bore interest, at the Company's option, at LIBOR plus a margin of 1.5% to 2.0% or prime plus a margin of 0.5% to 1.0%, with the applicable margin determined based on availability under the previous credit agreement.

The prior credit agreement was secured by all of the assets of G-III Apparel Group, Ltd. and its subsidiaries, G-III Leather Fashions, Inc., Riviera Sun, Inc., CK Outerwear, LLC, Andrew & Suzanne Company Inc., AM Retail Group, Inc., G-III Apparel Canada ULC, G-III License Company, LLC and AM Apparel Holdings, Inc.

Note 7 - Segments

The Company's reportable segments are business units that offer products through different channels of distribution. The Company has two reportable segments: wholesale operations and retail operations. The wholesale operations segment includes sales of products under brands licensed by the Company from third parties, as well as sales of products under the Company's own brands and private label brands. Wholesale sales and revenues from license agreements related to the Donna Karan and DKNY business are included in the wholesale operations segment. The retail operations segment consists primarily of the Wilsons Leather, G.H. Bass and DKNY stores, as well as a limited number of Calvin Klein Performance and Karl Lagerfeld Paris stores.

The following information, in thousands, is presented for the three month periods indicated below:

	Three Months Ended April 30, 2017									
	Wholesale		Wholesale		Retail		Elimination (1)			Total
Net sales	\$	453,017	\$	99,185	\$	(23,160)	\$	529,042		
Cost of goods sold		298,373		51,973		(23,160)		327,186		
Gross profit		154,644		47,212				201,856		
Selling, general and administrative		130,160		67,251		_		197,411		
Depreciation and amortization		6,385		3,453		<u> </u>		9,838		
Operating profit (loss)	\$	18,099	\$	(23,492)	\$		\$	(5,393)		

	Three Months Ended April 30, 2016								
		Wholesale	Retail		etail Eliminatio			Total	
Net sales	\$	382,371	\$	94,992	\$	(19,960)	\$	457,403	
Cost of goods sold		257,995		53,699		(19,960)		291,734	
Gross profit		124,376		41,293				165,669	
Selling, general and administrative		96,938		56,167		_		153,105	
Depreciation and amortization		5,000		2,193		_		7,193	
Operating profit (loss)	\$	22,438	\$	(17,067)	\$	_	\$	5,371	

⁽¹⁾ Represents intersegment sales to the Company's retail operations.

The total assets for each of the Company's reportable segments are as follows:

	April 30, 2017		April 30, 2016		Jan	uary 31, 2017
			(Ir	thousands)		
Wholesale	\$	1,459,142	\$	692,039	\$	1,477,259
Retail		205,024		199,560		228,352
Corporate (1)		139,622		215,082		146,333
Total Assets	\$	1,803,788	\$	1,106,681	\$	1,851,944

⁽¹⁾ Includes assets not allocated to any reportable segment.

Note 8 – Recent Accounting Pronouncements

Accounting Guidance Issued Being Evaluated for Adoption

In January 2017, the FASB issued ASU 2017-04, "Intangibles — Goodwill and Other (Topic 350): Simplifying the Test for Goodwill Impairment." The purpose of ASU 2017-04 is to simplify the subsequent measurement of goodwill by removing the second step of the two-step impairment test. The amendment should be applied on a prospective basis. ASU 2017-04 is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2019, including interim periods within that year. Early adoption is permitted for interim or annual goodwill impairment tests performed on testing dates after January 1, 2017. The Company does not expect ASU 2017-04 to have an impact on its consolidated financial statements.

In January 2017, the FASB issued ASU 2017-01, "Business Combinations (Topic 805): Clarifying the Definition of a Business." The purpose of ASU 2017-01 is to clarify the definition of a business to assist entities with evaluating whether transactions should be accounted for as acquisitions (or disposals) of assets or businesses. ASU 2017-01 is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2017, including interim periods within that year. The amendments in ASU 2017-01 should be applied prospectively on or after the effective date. Early adoption is permitted. The Company does not expect ASU 2017-01 to have an impact on its consolidated financial statements.

In October 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-16, "Income Taxes (Topic 740): Intra-Entity Transfers of Assets Other Than Inventory." The update requires an entity to recognize the income tax consequences of an intra-entity transfer of an asset upon transfer other than inventory, eliminating the current recognition exception. Prior to the update, GAAP prohibited the recognition of current and deferred income taxes for intra-entity asset transfers until the asset was sold to an outside party. The amendments in this update do not include new disclosure requirements; however, existing disclosure requirements might be applicable when accounting for the current and deferred income taxes for an intra-entity transfer of an asset other than inventory. For public business entities, the amendments in this update are effective for annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2017, including interim reporting periods within those fiscal years. The Company does not expect ASU 2016-16 to have an impact on its consolidated financial statements.

In August 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-15, "Statement of Cash Flows (Topic 230): Classification of Certain Cash Receipts and Cash Payments," which clarifies guidance with respect to the classification of eight specific cash flow issues. ASU 2016-15 was issued to reduce diversity in practice and prevent financial statement restatements. Cash flow issues include: debt prepayment or debt extinguishment costs, settlement of zero-coupon bonds, contingent consideration payments made after a business combination, proceeds from the settlement of insurance claims, proceeds from the settlement of corporate-owned life insurance policies and bank-owned life insurance policies, distributions received from equity method investees, beneficial interests in securitization transactions and separately identifiable cash flows and application of the predominance principle. ASU 2016-15 is effective for public business entities for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2017, including interim periods within those fiscal years. Under the provision, entities must apply the guidance retrospectively to all periods presented but may apply it prospectively if retrospective application would be impracticable. The Company is currently evaluating the provisions of ASU 2016-15.

In April 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-10, "Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606): Identifying Performance Obligations and Licensing." The guidance clarifies two aspects of Topic 606: (i) identifying performance obligations and (ii) providing licensing implementation guidance, while retaining the related principles for those areas. Topic 606 includes implementation guidance on (a) contracts with customers to transfer goods and services in exchange for consideration and (b) determining whether an entity's promise to grant a license provides a customer with either a right to use the entity's intellectual property (which is satisfied at a point in time) or a right to access the entity's intellectual property (which is satisfied over time). The amendments in this update are intended to render more detailed implementation guidance with the expectation of reducing the degree of judgment necessary to comply with Topic 606. The FASB continues to clarify this guidance and most recently issued ASU 2016-08, "Principal versus Agent Considerations (Reporting Revenue Gross versus Net)," ASU 2016-12, "Narrow-Scope Improvements and Practical Expedients," and ASU 2016-20, "Technical Corrections and Improvements to Topic 606, Revenue from Contracts with Customers." These new standards have the same effective date as ASU 2014-09 and will be effective for public entities for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2017, and interim periods within those fiscal years. The guidance permits two methods of adoption: retrospectively to each prior reporting period presented (full retrospective method), or retrospectively with the cumulative effect of initially applying the guidance recognized at the date of initial application (the cumulative catch-up transition method). The Company has not yet determined which method it will utilize. The Company has formed a committee that is evaluating the potential differences that would result from applying the requirements of the new standard to the current accounting policies and practices. Based on this initial assessment and the actions the Committee is currently undertaking to implement the new guidance, the Company currently believes that the adoption of Topic 606 will primarily impact its wholesale operations segment in the timing of recognition of certain adjustments that are currently recorded in net sales along with reclassifications of certain operating expenses such as cooperative advertising, which is currently recorded in selling, general and administrative expenses but will be recorded as an offset to net sales under the new guidance. The Company believes that the retail operations segment will not be materially impacted by the new guidance, as its retail stores do not currently offer significant loyalty programs to their customers. However, these assessments may be subject to change.

In February 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-02, "Leases (Topic 842)." The primary difference between the current requirement under GAAP and ASU 2016-02 is the recognition of lease assets and lease liabilities by lessees for those leases classified as operating leases. ASU 2016-02 requires that a lessee recognize in the statement of financial position a liability to make lease payments (the lease liability) and a right-of-use asset representing its right to use the underlying asset for the lease term (other than leases that meet the definition of a short-term lease). The liability will be equal to the present value of lease payments. The asset will be based on the liability, subject to adjustment, such as for initial direct costs. For income statement purposes, the FASB retained a dual model, requiring leases to be classified as either operating or finance. Operating leases will result in straight-line expense (similar to current operating leases) while finance leases will result in a front-loaded expense pattern (similar to current capital leases). Classification will be based on criteria that are for the most part similar to those applied in current lease accounting. ASU 2016-02 may be adopted using a modified retrospective transition, and provides for certain practical expedients. Transactions will require application of the new guidance at the beginning of the earliest comparative period presented. The guidance is effective for public entities for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2018, and interim periods within those fiscal years. Early adoption is permitted. The Company is currently assessing the potential impact of ASU 2016-02 on its consolidated financial statements and expects that it will result in a significant increase to its long-term assets and liabilities.

In January 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-01, "Financial Instruments — Overall (Subtopic 825-10): Recognition and Measurement of Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities." This standard modifies how entities measure equity investments and present changes in the fair value

of financial liabilities; simplifies the impairment assessment of equity investments without readily determinable fair values by requiring a qualitative assessment to identify impairment; changes presentation and disclosure requirements; and clarifies that an entity should evaluate the need for a valuation allowance on a deferred tax asset related to available-for-sale securities in combination with the entity's other deferred tax assets. ASU 2016-01 is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2017, including interim periods within those fiscal years. Early application is permitted. The Company does not expect that the adoption of this ASU will have a significant impact on its statement of operations.

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations.

Unless the context otherwise requires, "G-III", "us", "we" and "our" refer to G-III Apparel Group, Ltd. and its subsidiaries. References to fiscal years refer to the year ended or ending on January 31 of that year. For example, our fiscal year ending January 31, 2018 is referred to as "fiscal 2018". Vilebrequin, KH1 and KLNA report results on a calendar year basis rather than on the January 31 fiscal year basis used by G-III. Accordingly, the results of Vilebrequin, KH1 and KLNA are and will be included in our financial statements for the quarter ended or ending closest to G-III's fiscal quarter. For example, in this Form 10-Q for the three month period ended April 30, 2017, the results of Vilebrequin, KH1 and KLNA are included for the three month period ended March 31, 2017. We account for our investment in KLNA and KH1 using the equity method of accounting.

The operating results of Donna Karan International Inc. have been included in our financial statements since December 1, 2016, the date of acquisition.

Various statements contained in this Form 10-Q, in future filings by us with the SEC, in our press releases and in oral statements made from time to time by us or on our behalf constitute "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Forward-looking statements are based on current expectations and are indicated by words or phrases such as "anticipate," "estimate," "expect," "will," "project," "we believe," "is or remains optimistic," "currently envisions," "forecasts," "goal" and similar words or phrases and involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors that may cause actual results, performance or achievements to be materially different from the future results, performance or achievements expressed in or implied by such forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements also include representations of our expectations or beliefs concerning future events that involve risks and uncertainties, including, but not limited to:

- our dependence on licensed products;
- · our dependence on the strategies and reputation of our licensors;
- costs and uncertainties with respect to expansion of our product offerings;
- the performance of our products at retail and customer acceptance of new products;
- · retail customer concentration;
- · risks of doing business abroad;
- · price, availability and quality of materials used in our products;
- the need to protect our trademarks and other intellectual property;
- · risks relating to our retail business;
- · dependence on existing management;
- our ability to make strategic acquisitions and possible disruptions from acquisitions;
- need for additional financing;
- seasonal nature of our business;
- our reliance on foreign manufacturers;
- the need to successfully upgrade, maintain and secure our information systems;
- the impact of the current economic and credit environment on us, our customers, suppliers and vendors;
- the effects of competition in the markets in which we operate;

- consolidation of our retail customers;
- additional legislation and/or regulation in the United States or around the world;
- our ability to import products in a timely and cost effective manner;
- · our ability to continue to maintain our reputation;
- · fluctuations in the price of our common stock;
- · potential effect on the price of our common stock if actual results are worse than financial forecasts;
- the effect of regulations applicable to us as a U.S. public company; and
- matters relating to the acquisition of Donna Karan International Inc., including:
 - our ability to combine our business with the Donna Karan business successfully or in a timely and cost-efficient manner;
 - the increase in our indebtedness as a result of the acquisition;
 - the significant costs we incurred as a result of the acquisition;
 - the significant increase in the amount of our goodwill and other intangibles; and
 - the degree of business disruption relating to the acquisition.

These forward-looking statements are based largely on our expectations and judgments and are subject to a number of risks and uncertainties, many of which are unforeseeable and beyond our control. A detailed discussion of significant risk factors that have the potential to cause our actual results to differ materially from our expectations is described under the heading "Risk Factors" in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended January 31, 2017. We undertake no obligation to publicly update or revise any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise, except as required by law.

Overview

G-III designs, manufactures and markets an extensive range of apparel, including outerwear, dresses, sportswear, swimwear, women's suits and women's performance wear, as well as women's handbags, footwear, small leather goods, cold weather accessories and luggage. We sell our products under our own proprietary brands, which include DKNY, Donna Karan, Vilebrequin, G.H. Bass, Weejuns, Andrew Marc, Marc New York, Eliza J and Jessica Howard, as well as under licensed brands and private retail labels.

We sell products under an extensive portfolio of well-known licensed brands, including Calvin Klein, Tommy Hilfiger, Karl Lagerfeld, Levi's, Docker's, Kenneth Cole, Cole Haan and Guess?. In our team sports business, we have licenses with the National Football League, National Basketball Association, Major League Baseball, National Hockey League, Hands High, Touch by Alyssa Milano and over 140 U.S. colleges and universities.

We operate in fashion markets that are intensely competitive. Our ability to continuously evaluate and respond to changing consumer demands and tastes, across multiple market segments, distribution channels and geographic areas is critical to our success. Although our portfolio of brands is aimed at diversifying our risks in this regard, misjudging shifts in consumer preferences could have a negative effect on our business. Our success in the future will depend on our ability to design products that are accepted in the marketplace, source the manufacture of our products on a competitive basis, and continue to diversify our product portfolio and the markets we serve.

Segments

We report based on two reportable segments: wholesale operations and retail operations.

The wholesale operations segment includes sales of products under brands licensed by us from third parties, as well as sales of products under our own brands and private label brands. Wholesale sales and revenues from license agreements related to the Donna Karan International ("DKI") business are included in the wholesale operations segment.

The retail operations segment consists primarily of our Wilsons Leather, G.H. Bass and DKNY retail stores, substantially all of which are operated as outlet stores. As of April 30, 2017, we operated 174 Wilsons Leather stores, 155 G.H. Bass stores, 49 DKNY stores, 4 Calvin Klein Performance stores and 4 Karl Lagerfeld Paris stores. We also operate online stores for Wilsons Leather, G.H. Bass and DKNY.

Recent Acquisitions

We have expanded our portfolio of proprietary and licensed brands through acquisitions and by entering into license agreements for new brands or for additional products under previously licensed brands. Acquisitions are part of our strategy to expand our product offerings and increase the portfolio of proprietary and licensed brands that we offer through different tiers of retail distribution.

In December 2016, we acquired all of the outstanding capital stock of Donna Karan International Inc. ("DKI") from LVMH Moet Hennessy Louis Vuitton Inc. ("LVMH") for a total purchase price of approximately \$669.8 million. We believe that Donna Karan owns some of the world's most iconic and recognizable power brands, including DKNY, Donna Karan and DKNY Jeans. The acquisition of Donna Karan fits squarely into our strategy to diversify and expand our business and to increase our ownership of brands. We intend to focus on the expansion of the DKNY brand, while also re-establishing DKNY Jeans, Donna Karan and other associated brands. We believe that we can also capitalize on significant, untapped global licensing potential in a number of men's categories, as well as in home and jewelry. We believe that our strong track record of driving organic growth, identifying and integrating acquisitions and developing talent throughout the organization makes the potential of the DKNY and Donna Karan brands especially appealing.

Licensed Products

The sale of licensed products is a key element of our strategy and we have continually expanded our offerings of licensed products for more than 20 years.

In July 2016, we signed a three-year extension through March 2020 of our license agreement with the National Football League. This agreement includes men's and women's outerwear, Starter men's and women's outerwear, men's and women's lifestyle apparel, Hands High men's and women's lifestyle apparel and Touch by Alyssa Milano women's lifestyle apparel.

In February 2016, we expanded our relationship with Tommy Hilfiger through a new license agreement for Tommy Hilfiger womenswear in the United States and Canada. This license for women's sportswear, dresses, suit separates, performance and denim is in addition to our existing Tommy Hilfiger licenses for men's and women's outerwear and luggage. The new Tommy Hilfiger agreement has an initial term of five years and a renewal term of four years. Macy's will continue to be the principal retailer of Tommy Hilfiger in the United States and women's sportswear will continue to be a Macy's exclusive offering. We believe Tommy Hilfiger is a classic American lifestyle brand. We intend to leverage our market expertise to help build sales of Tommy Hilfiger women's apparel.

In October 2015, we announced the launch of Hands High, a new licensed sports apparel line inspired by Tonight Show host, Jimmy Fallon. Hands High products feature professional team logos from the NFL, NBA, MLB and NHL. Hands High product was launched in October 2015 at retailers throughout the country, as well as at official team and stadium shops and official league websites. We started to ship Hands High products to over 40 universities in July 2016

We believe that consumers prefer to buy brands they know. We have continually sought licenses that would increase the portfolio of name brands we can offer through different tiers of retail distribution, for a wide array of products at a variety of price points. We believe that brand owners will look to consolidate the number of licensees they engage to develop product and they will seek licensees with a successful track record of expanding brands into new categories. It is our objective to continue to expand our product offerings and we are continually discussing new licensing opportunities with brand owners

Licensing

As we have increased our portfolio of proprietary brands, we have licensed these brands in categories outside our core competencies. We began licensing Andrew Marc, Vilebrequin and G.H. Bass in selected categories after acquiring these brands in 2008, 2012 and 2013, respectively. Our licensing program is expected to significantly increase as a result of owning the Donna Karan and DKNY brands.

The DKNY brand is currently licensed for a broad array of products including fragrance, watches, hosiery, intimates, eyewear, children's clothing, home furnishings and menswear. We intend to focus on the expansion of licensing opportunities for the DKNY brand, while also re-establishing DKNY Jeans, Donna Karan and other associated brands. We believe that we can capitalize on significant, untapped global licensing potential in a number of categories.

G.H. Bass is licensed for the wholesale distribution of men's and women's footwear, men's sportswear, men's and boy's tailored clothing, men's socks, men's accessories and women's hosiery.

Vilebrequin has entered into licenses for footwear, watches and sunglasses. Distribution of both watches and glasses started in April 2017.

Retail Operations

We experienced substantial losses in our retail operations segment in fiscal 2017 and the first quarter of fiscal 2018. We are focusing on turning around our retail business by terminating or renegotiating long-term leases as they come up for renewal, implementing cost-cutting initiatives, revising our merchandising strategy and repurposing certain Wilsons and Bass stores for the Karl Lagerfeld or DKNY brands.

Sales of apparel over the Internet continue to increase. Our e-commerce business consists of our own web platforms under www.dkny.com, www.wilsonsleather.com, www.ghbass.com, www.vilebrequin.com and www.andrewmarc.com. We also sell our product on Karl Lagerfeld's website, www.karllagerfeldparis.com. We sell our licensed product over the web through our retail partners, including Macys.com, Nordstrom.com and others, each of whom have significant online businesses. We have also increased sales to pure play online retail partners such as Amazon, Fanatics and others. We continue to develop additional marketing initiatives over the Internet, our web sites and social media to increase our e-commerce presence.

Trends

Significant trends that affect the apparel industry include retail chains closing unprofitable stores, an increased focus by retail chains on expanding their ecommerce, the continued consolidation of retail chains and the desire on the part of retailers to consolidate vendors supplying them.

Retailers are seeking to expand the differentiation of their offerings by devoting more resources to the development of exclusive products, whether by focusing on their own private label products or on products produced exclusively for a retailer by a national brand manufacturer. Retailers are placing more emphasis on building strong images for their private label and exclusive merchandise. Exclusive brands are only made available to a specific retailer, and thus customers loyal to their brands can only find them in the stores of that retailer.

A number of retailers are experiencing financial difficulties, which in some cases has resulted in bankruptcies, liquidations and/or store closings. The financial difficulties of a retail customer of ours could result in reduced business with that customer. We may also assume higher credit risk relating to receivables of a retail customer experiencing financial difficulty that could result in higher reserves for doubtful accounts or increased write-offs of accounts receivable. We attempt to mitigate credit risk from our customers by closely monitoring accounts receivable balances and shipping levels, as well as the ongoing financial performance and credit standing of customers.

Sales of apparel over the Internet continue to increase. We are addressing the increase in online shopping by developing additional marketing initiatives over the Internet, our web sites and social media.

We have attempted to respond to trends in our industry by continuing to focus on selling products with recognized brand equity, by attention to design, quality and value and by improving our sourcing capabilities. We have also responded with the strategic acquisitions made by us and new license agreements entered into by us that added to our portfolio of licensed and proprietary brands and helped diversify our business by adding new product lines, expanding distribution channels and developing the retail component of our business. We believe that our broad distribution capabilities help us to respond to the various shifts by consumers between distribution channels and that our operational capabilities will enable us to continue to be a vendor of choice for our retail partners.

Results of Operations

Three months ended April 30, 2017 compared to three months ended April 30, 2016

Net sales for the three months ended April 30, 2017 increased to \$529.0 million from \$457.4 million in the same period last year. Net sales of our segments are reported before intercompany eliminations. Net sales of our wholesale operations segment increased to \$453.0 million from \$382.4 million in the comparable period last year, primarily as a result of an increase of \$39.8 million in net sales of Tommy Hilfiger licensed products, driven by our new denim, sportswear, women's performance wear and women's suits licensed products and net sales of \$39.6 million from our new DKNY and Donna Karan product lines. Net sales of our retail operations segment increased to \$99.2 million for the three months ended April 30, 2017 from \$95.0 million in the same period last year. The increase in net sales was the result of \$15.3 million in net sales from our DKNY retail stores, acquired in December 2016, offset, in part, by a decrease in net sales of \$5.3 million from each of our Wilsons and G.H. Bass store chains. Wilsons' same store sales decreased by 11.3% compared to the same period in the prior year and G.H. Bass same store sales decreased by 9.2% compared to the same period in the prior year. These decreases are mainly the result of greater promotional activity in the current period compared to the same period last year.

Gross profit increased to \$201.9 million, or 38.2% of net sales, for the three months ended April 30, 2017, from \$165.7 million, or 36.2% of net sales, in the same period last year. The gross profit percentage in our wholesale operations segment was 34.1% in the three months ended April 30, 2017 compared to 32.5% in the same period last year. The increase in gross profit percentage was driven, in part, by DKNY and Donna Karan licensing income for which there is no associated cost of goods sold. In addition, we had improved gross profit margins due to a favorable product

mix in our Calvin Klein dresses and women's sportswear lines of product. The gross profit percentage in our retail operations segment was 47.6% for the three months ended April 30, 2017 compared to 43.4% for the same period last year. This increase in gross profit percentage is primarily due to our DKNY retail stores, acquired in December 2016, which had a higher gross profit percentage than our other retail stores.

Selling, general and administrative expenses increased to \$197.4 million in the three months ended April 30, 2017 from \$153.1 million in the same period last year. Our Donna Karan business, which was acquired in December 2016, represented \$40.9 million of this increase. The remainder of the increase is primarily due to increased facility costs (\$5.3 million) and advertising expenses (\$3.3 million). Facility costs increased as a result of increased shipping, storage and processing costs incurred at our third party warehouses, as well as higher rent expense. Advertising expense increased as a result of an increase in cooperative advertising and additional promotional expenses related to the launch of new product lines for Tommy Hilfiger, as well as an increase in expenses related to additional marketing initiatives over the Internet. These increases were offset, in part, by reduced bonus expense compared to last year as a result of our reduced profitability (\$2.7 million).

Depreciation and amortization increased to \$9.8 million in the three months ended April 30, 2017 from \$7.2 million in the same period last year. These expenses increased as a result of additional depreciation and amortization expense incurred in connection with the acquisition of DKI.

Interest and financing charges, net, for the three months ended April 30, 2017 were \$9.9 million compared to \$1.2 million for the same period last year. The increase in interest and financing charges is a result of the additional interest incurred with respect the bank loans and the note issued to the seller in connection with the acquisition of DKI, as well as the amortization of capitalized debt issuance costs.

Income tax benefit for the three months ended April 30, 2017 was \$6.1 million as a result of the net loss incurred in the quarter compared to a \$1.6 million tax expense for the same period last year when we recognized net income. Our effective tax rate remained the same for both periods at 37.0%.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

Term Loan

On December 1, 2016, we entered into a credit agreement with the lenders party thereto and Barclays Bank PLC, as administrative and collateral agent (the "Term Loan Credit Agreement"). The Term Loan Credit Agreement provided for term loans in the aggregate amount of \$350.0 million (the "Term Loans") that we used to fund a portion of the purchase price with respect to the acquisition of DKI. The Term Loans were subject to amortization payments of 0.625% of the original aggregate principal amount of the Term Loans per quarter, with the balance due at maturity. On December 1, 2016, we refinanced \$50 million in principal amount of the Term Loans, reducing the principal balance of the Term Loans to \$300 million. This prepayment relieved us of our obligation to make quarterly amortization payments for the remainder of the term.

The Term Loans will mature in December 2022. Interest on the outstanding principal amount of the Term Loans accrues at a rate equal to LIBOR, subject to 1% floor, plus an applicable margin of 5.25% or an alternate base rate (defined as the greatest of (i) the "prime rate" as published by the Wall Street Journal from time to time, (ii) the federal funds rate plus 0.5% and (iii) the LIBOR rate for a borrowing with an interest period of one month) plus 4.25%, per annum, payable in cash. As of April 30, 2017, interest under the Term Loan Agreement was being paid at an average rate of 6.3% per annum.

The Term Loans are secured (i) on a first-priority basis by a lien on our real estate assets, equipment and fixtures, equity interests and intellectual property and certain related rights owned us and by certain of our subsidiaries and (ii) by a second-priority security interest in other of our assets and certain of our subsidiaries, which secure on a first-priority basis our asset-based loan facility described below under the caption "Amended and Restated Credit Agreement".

The Term Loans are required to be prepaid with the proceeds of certain asset sales if such proceeds are not applied as required by the Term Loan Credit Agreement within certain specified deadlines The Term Loans are also required to be prepaid in an amount equal to 75% of our Excess Cash Flow (as defined in the Term Loan Credit Agreement) with respect to each fiscal year ending on or after January 31, 2018. The percentage of Excess Cash Flow that must be so applied is reduced to 50% if our senior secured leverage ratio is less than 3.00 to 1.00, to 25% if our senior secured leverage ratio is less than 2.75 to 1.00 and to 0% if our senior secured leverage ratio is less than 2.25 to 1.00

The Term Loan Credit Agreement contains covenants that restrict our ability to among other things, incur additional debt, sell or dispose certain assets, make certain investments, incur liens and enter into acquisitions. This agreement also includes a mandatory prepayment provision from excess cash flow as defined in the Term Loan Credit Agreement. A first lien leverage covenant requires us to maintain a level of debt to EBITDA at a ratio as defined over the term of the Term Loan Credit Agreement. As of April 30, 2017, we were in compliance with this covenant.

Amended and Restated Credit Agreement

On December 1, 2016, we entered into an amended and restated credit agreement (the "ABL Credit Agreement") with JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., as Administrative Agent. The ABL Credit Agreement is a five year senior secured revolving credit facility providing for borrowings in the aggregate principal amount of up to \$650 million. The ABL Credit Agreement replaced our prior credit agreement that provided for borrowings of up to \$450 million and was due to expire in August 2017.

Amounts available under the ABL Credit Agreement are subject to borrowing base formulas and over advances as specified in the ABL Credit Agreement. Borrowings bear interest, at the Borrowers' option, at LIBOR plus a margin of 1.25% to 1.75% or an alternate base rate (defined as the greatest of (i) the "prime rate" of JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A. from time to time, (ii) the federal funds rate plus 0.5% and (iii) the LIBOR rate for a borrowing with an interest period of one month) plus a margin of 0.25% to 0.75%, with the applicable margin determined based on Borrowers' availability under the ABL Credit Agreement. As of April 30, 2017, interest under the ABL Credit Agreement was being paid at the average rate of 2.6% per annum. The ABL Credit Agreement is secured by specified assets of us and certain of our subsidiaries.

In addition to paying interest on any outstanding borrowings under the ABL Credit Agreement, we are required to pay a commitment fee to the lenders under the ABL Credit Agreement with respect to the unutilized commitments. The commitment fee accrues at a rate equal to 0.25% per annum on the average daily amount of the available commitment.

The ABL Credit Agreement contains a number of covenants that, among other things, restrict our ability, subject to specified exceptions, to incur additional debt; incur liens; sell or dispose of assets; merge with other companies; liquidate or dissolve G-III; acquire other companies; make loans, advances, or guarantees; and make certain investments. In certain circumstances, the credit agreement also requires us to maintain a minimum fixed charge coverage ratio, as defined, that may not exceed 1.00 to 1.00 for each period of twelve consecutive fiscal months of holdings. As of April 30, 2017, we were in compliance with these covenants.

LVMH Note

On December 1, 2016, as a portion of the consideration for the acquisition of DKI, we issued to LVMH a junior lien secured promissory note in the principal amount of \$125.0 million (the "LVMH Note") that bears interest at the rate of 2% per year. \$75.0 million of the principal amount of the LVMH Note is due and payable on June 1, 2023 and \$50.0 million of such principal amount is due and payable on December 1, 2023.

In connection with the issuance of the LVMH Note, LVMH entered into (i) a subordination agreement with Barclays Bank PLC, as administrative agent for the lender parties to the Term Loans and collateral agent for the senior secured parties thereunder and JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., as administrative agent for the lenders and other senior secured parties under the ABL Credit Agreement, providing that our obligations under the LVMH Note are subordinate and junior to our obligations under the ABL Credit Agreement and the Term Loans, and (ii) a pledge and security agreement with us and our subsidiary, G-III Leather Fashions, Inc., pursuant to which G-III Leather granted to LVMH a security interest in specified collateral to secure our payment and performance of our obligations under the LVMH Note that is subordinate and junior to the security interest granted by us with respect to our obligations under the ABL Credit Agreement and Term Loans.

ASC 820 - Fair Value Measurements requires the note to be recorded at Fair Value. As a result, we recorded a debt discount in the amount of \$40.0 million. This discount is being amortized as interest expense using the effective interest rate method over the term of the LVMH Note.

Outstanding Borrowings

Our primary operating cash requirements are to fund our seasonal buildup in inventories and accounts receivable, primarily during the second and third fiscal quarters each year. Due to the seasonality of our business, we generally reach our peak borrowings under our asset-based credit facility during our third fiscal quarter. The primary sources to meet our operating cash requirements have been borrowings under our credit facility, cash generated from operations and the sale of our common stock.

We incurred significant additional debt in connection with our acquisition of DKI. At April 30, 2017, we had \$120.0 million in borrowings outstanding under the ABL Credit Agreement and \$300 million in borrowings outstanding under the Term Loans. At April 30, 2016, we had no borrowings outstanding under the prior credit agreement. In addition to the amounts outstanding under these two loan agreements, at April 30, 2017, we had \$125.0 million of principal amount outstanding under the LVMH Note. Our contingent liability under open letters of credit was approximately \$13.1 million at April 30, 2017 compared to \$17.9 million at April 30, 2016

We had cash and cash equivalents of \$67.1 million on April 30, 2017 and \$95.4 million on April 30, 2016.

Share Repurchase Program

Our Board of Directors has authorized a share repurchase program of 5,000,000 shares. The timing and actual number of shares repurchased, if any, will depend on a number of factors, including market conditions and prevailing stock prices, and are subject to compliance with certain covenants contained in our loan agreement. Share repurchases may take place on the open market, in privately negotiated transactions or by other means, and would be made in accordance with applicable securities laws. No shares were purchased under the program during the three months ended April 30, 2017. As of April 30, 2017, we had approximately 48.7 million shares of common stock outstanding.

${\it Cash from Operating Activities}$

We used \$33.2 million of cash in operating activities during the three months ended April 30, 2017, primarily as a result of a decrease of \$69.6 million in accounts payable and accrued expenses and our net loss of \$10.4 million, offset, by a decrease in inventory of \$37.4 million and a decrease in accounts receivable of \$7.7 million.

The changes in these operating cash flow items are generally consistent with our seasonal pattern. The decrease in accounts payable and accrued expenses is primarily attributable to vendor payments related to inventory purchases and the payment of accrued year-end bonuses in our first fiscal quarter. Our inventory decreased because we experience lower sales levels in our first and second fiscal quarters than in our third and fourth fiscal quarters.

Cash from Investing Activities

We used \$5.7 million of cash in investing activities in the three months ended April 30, 2017. The cash used in investing activities consisted of capital expenditures related to additional fixturing costs at department stores, as well as, to improving, remodeling and relocating G.H. Bass and Wilsons stores.

Cash from Financing Activities

Net proceeds of \$29.0 million was provided by financing activities in the three months ended April 30, 2017, primarily as a result of the net proceeds of \$28.9 million in borrowings under our revolving credit line.

Financing Needs

We believe that our cash on hand and cash generated from operations for the year as a whole, together with funds available under the ABL Credit Agreement, are sufficient to meet our expected operating and capital expenditure requirements. We may seek to acquire other businesses in order to expand our product offerings. We may need additional financing in order to complete one or more acquisitions. We cannot be certain that we will be able to obtain additional financing, if required, on acceptable terms or at all.

Critical Accounting Policies

Our discussion of results of operations and financial condition relies on our consolidated financial statements that are prepared based on certain critical accounting policies that require management to make judgments and estimates that are subject to varying degrees of uncertainty. We believe that investors need to be aware of these policies and how they impact our financial statements as a whole, as well as our related discussion and analysis presented herein. While we believe that these accounting policies are based on sound measurement criteria, actual future events can, and often do, result in outcomes that can be materially different from these estimates or forecasts.

The accounting policies and related estimates described in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended January 31, 2017 are those that depend most heavily on these judgments and estimates. As of April 30, 2017, there have been no material changes to our critical accounting policies.

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk.

There are no material changes to the disclosure made with respect to these matters in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended January 31, 2017.

Item 4. Controls and Procedures.

As of the end of the period covered by this report, our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, carried out an evaluation of the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures (as such term is defined in Rule 13a-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"). Based on that evaluation, our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed by us in the reports that we file or submit under the Exchange Act is (i) recorded, processed, summarized and reported, within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms and (ii) accumulated and communicated to our management, including our principal executive and principal financial officers, as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure, and thus, are effective in making known to them material information relating to G-III required to be included in this report.

During our last fiscal quarter, there were no changes in our internal control over financial reporting that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

PART II – OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1A. Risk Factors.

In addition to the other information set forth in this report, you should carefully consider the factors discussed in "Item 1A. Risk Factors" in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended January 31, 2017, which could materially affect our business, financial condition or future results. There have been no material changes to these risk factors as of April 30, 2017. The risks described in our Annual Report on Form 10-K are not the only risks facing our company. Additional risks and uncertainties not currently known to us or that we currently deem to be immaterial also may materially adversely affect our business, financial condition and/or operating results.

Item 6.	Exhibits.
31.1	Certification by Morris Goldfarb, Chief Executive Officer of G-III Apparel Group, Ltd., pursuant to Rule 13a - 14(a) or Rule 15d - 14(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, in connection with G-III Apparel Group, Ltd.'s Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the fiscal quarter ended April 30, 2017.
31.2	Certification by Neal S. Nackman, Chief Financial Officer of G-III Apparel Group, Ltd., pursuant to Rule 13a - 14(a) or Rule 15d - 14(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, in connection with G-III Apparel Group, Ltd.'s Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the fiscal quarter ended April 30, 2017.
32.1	Certification by Morris Goldfarb, Chief Executive Officer of G-III Apparel Group, Ltd., pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, in connection with G-III Apparel Group, Ltd.'s Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the fiscal quarter ended April 30, 2017.
32.2	Certification by Neal S. Nackman, Chief Financial Officer of G-III Apparel Group, Ltd., pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, in connection with G-III Apparel Group, Ltd.'s Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the fiscal quarter ended April 30, 2017.
101.INS	XBRL Instance Document.
101.SCH	XBRL Schema Document.
101.CAL	XBRL Calculation Linkbase Document.
101.DEF	XBRL Extension Definition.
101.LAB	XBRL Label Linkbase Document.
101.PRE	XBRL Presentation Linkbase Document.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

G-III APPAREL GROUP, LTD.

(Registrant)

Date: June 9, 2017 By: /s/ Morris Goldfarb

Morris Goldfarb Chief Executive Officer

Date: June 9, 2017 By: <u>/s/ Neal S. Nackman</u>

Neal S. Nackman Chief Financial Officer

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO RULE 13a - 14(a) OR RULE 15d - 14(a) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934, AS AMENDED

I, Morris Goldfarb, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of G-III Apparel Group, Ltd.;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a 15(e) and 15d 15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a 15(f) and 15d 15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: June 9, 2017

/s/ Morris Goldfarb
Morris Goldfarb
Chief Executive Officer

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO RULE 13a - 14(a) OR RULE 15d - 14(a) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934, AS AMENDED

I, Neal S. Nackman, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of G-III Apparel Group, Ltd.;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a 15(e) and 15d 15(f) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a 15(f) and 15d 15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting, and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: June 9, 2017

/s/ Neal S. Nackman Neal S. Nackman Chief Financial Officer

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the Quarterly Report of G-III Apparel Group, Ltd. (the "Company") on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended April 30, 2017, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "Report"), I, Morris Goldfarb, Chief Executive Officer of the Company, hereby certify that, to my knowledge, (a) the Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and (b) the information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

/s/ Morris Goldfarb Morris Goldfarb Chief Executive Officer

Date: June 9, 2017

A signed original of this written statement required by Section 906 has been provided to the Company and will be retained by the Company and furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission or its staff upon request.

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the Quarterly Report of G-III Apparel Group, Ltd. (the "Company") on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended April 30, 2017, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "Report"), I, Neal S. Nackman, Chief Financial Officer of the Company, hereby certify that, to my knowledge, (a) the Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and (b) the information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

/s/ Neal S. Nackman Neal S. Nackman Chief Financial Officer

Date: June 9, 2017

A signed original of this written statement required by Section 906 has been provided to the Company and will be retained by the Company and furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission or its staff upon request.